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WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 21, 1895 .-- EIGHT PAGES.

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### Features From The Evening Times

edition, look over the list below. What you're looking for was printed twelve before in the evening edition Take both editions and you'll miss

EXPECT IT TO PASS TODAY— Allen Will Not Again Object to the Com-mission Bill.

POLITICAL TALK IS ON TAP-Local Republicans Still Discuss the Amen ed Resolution.

POLICE COURT PANORAMA— Twenty-three Weary Wayfarers Passed Wenty-three Weary Before the Judge.

AFFLING FOR PLACES.

Queer New Method of Distributing the
House Offices.

SAVIOR OF BABIES DYING— Inventor of the Incubator on His Death Bed Here.

6ENATE IN THE THROES— Hot Speeches in Favor of Quick and Patriotic Action.

VATICAN'S NOBLE GUARD— Marquis Sacripanti Is a Fine Looking Young Man.

DANGER FROM CANADA— How She Would Menace This Country in Case of War.

MARKET ON DOWN GRADE— Considerable of a Flurry in All Stocks.

SECOND CASE IS CLOSING— Prayers for Instructions Submitted Judge.

The Wide-A wake Missourians Want De cratic Convention.

MARSHALL CUSHING HELD— Made to Furnish \$500 Bonds in the Po

THE DISTRICT IN CONGRESS—Bill to Purchase a \$5,000 Bust of Ger

ONE BILLION IN THREE DAYS— Actual Present Cost of Our War Account to Depew.

BRUTAL TO HIS DAUGHTER— Offense Charged Against Thaddeus Alalo by Relatives.

HARRISON FOR CHAIRMAN— Ex-President Said to Be Slated for Vene uelan Commission.

BOBBERS IN THE LEGATION— Brazilian Minister Again Visited and Valuable Silverware Stolen.

UNDER TONS OF DEBRIS— Employes of a Clothing House Buried in Collapsed Building.

TWENTY LIVES LOST— Vire Damp Explosion in a Ten Mine.

\*\*DOCIETY GOES SHOPPING—
The Ban Against Bundles Has Been Lifted
During the Holidays.

## Three Firms Forced to Suspend by the Decline.

CAUSED BY THE MESSAGE

London Started in With Liquidating Orders and Set the Panic Going. No Discrimination Used in the Character of Sales-Canadian Banks Caught the Fever.

New York, Dec. 20.—The dealings at the New York Stock Exchange today were at-tended with unusual excitement and prices broke badly.

The Venezuelan question loomed into The Venezueian question foomed into great prominence and the news relative to the proceedings at Washington was scanned with more concern. Before the opening of the local stock market it was known here that prices for Americans in London had broken anywhere from 1 to 4

London had broken any security per cent.

The result was a great rush to sell stocks the minute the board opened for business, and the movement continued until well into the afternoon. London, which has been scaing our securities ever since President Cleveland's message on Venezuela boundary matters was sent into Congress, turned up again at the start with liquidating orders and it is estimated sold about firty thousand shares of various American stocks.

FORCED TO SELLL.

Local operators who have become weak-

FORCED TO SELL.

Local operators who have become weakened financiany by the recent break in the
industrials were forced to seil and thus add
to the depression.

No discrimination was used, the gilt-edged
issues as weil as the rattletraps all being
thrown on the market apparently regardless
of price. Rumors of heavy withdrawals of
gold for export to Europe next week also
had a demoralizing influence.

Some of the estimates were that ten
millions will be forwarded, but at the end
of the day no one could be found to confirm this or anything like it. Again money
which has been ruling at 2 per cent and
under to stock exchange borrowers, suddenly rose to 80 per cent, and a number of
banks began to call in loans.

This helped swell the amount of offerlings of long stock, and three stock exchange
firms were forced to the wall. The firms
in question, Messrs. S. S. Sands & Co.,
Nichols, Frothingham & Co., and beNemville & Co., in announcing their suspensions
stated their insolvency was due to the
failure of their customers to respond to
call for margins.

CANADIAN BANKS SCARY.

CANADIAN BANKS SCARY.

At the consolidated exchange there were also two small fadure. The outpouring of stock and the lack of support from any quarter led to a break of support from any quarter led to a break of anywhere from 1 to 15 1-2 per cent.

The Canadian banks were among the first to call on their loans, and in answer to inquiries some of the foreign capitalists said that they were compelled to use the money to purchase exchange.

Borrowers were compelled to seek elsewhere, and near the close the Central Trust Company came in the market and offered \$5,000,000, which broke the money rate from 80 to 6 per cent.

### DECLARES IT A PLOT. New York Times' Expose of the

Flurry.

New York, Dec. 20.—The Times tomorrow will print the following account of the day in Wall street:

the day in Wall street:

Collusion between bear operators in stocks and foreign trading houses smashed prices in Wall street today, ran money rates up to 90 per cent, withdrew \$3,400,000 from the gold reserve, and caused several financial failures. Decline in stocks affected the entire trading list. Losses ran as high as fen points at one time in several substantial securities. The bond market sympathized actively with stocks.

Accustomed as is the financial district to wicked work in the security market, today's performance surpassed in malicious design and manipulative cunning and boldness anything ever before attempted. Its success was complete, and that it should have been so was amazing, since those well informed knew how it had been brought about.

well informed knew how it had been brought about.

The men who engineered the raid used the Venezuelan incident as a pretext in the market. They had been in high feather since the Fresident's message came out, and issued from the beginning the most gloomy predictions of its financial results. How far they may have been influential in inducing their allies in Europe to bring about a condition by Wednesday, which assured the expert of gold by tomorrow's steamers has not been examined.

Financial timidity had not been roused by yesterday to the point of a slaughter in prices. That move was reserved for a special propelling agency which the bears furnished. The worst apprehensions had not expressed fear of anything approaching today's happenings in intensity or scope.

## ROTHSCHILDS WEAKEN.

Rumored That They Will Withdraw 5,000,000 Pounds in Gold.

London, Dec. 20 .- In its issue tomorrow the Standard will mention a rumor that the Rothschilds will immediately with-

draw £5,000,000 from the United States. BRAZILIAN LEGATION ROBBED. Thieves Overlooked Thousands of

Dollars' Worth of Plate. Burglars entered the home of the Brazilian minister, No. 1800 N street northwest, yes-terday morning at about 3 o'clock, as announced in The Evening Times of yester-day, and secured about \$600 worth of silverware. Entrance was effected through silverware. Entrance was effected through a lower side window, which had been left unlatched, and after securing the booty the thieves left by the front door, which they did not close behind them.

Silverware to the value of \$20,000, it is

sald, was stowed away with that which was saken, but whether the burglars did not care to handle any more than the six pieces which they selected, or whether they were frightened by Senor Meudonca, who left his bed at about the time of the burglary and went to another part of the house, is not known. The loss was discovered by the domestics, and soon after was reported to Inspector Hollinberger, who detailed Detectives Boyd, Lacy and Helan on the case. The articles thus far known to have been taken are a coffee urn, sugar bowl, teapot, rose jar, and pitcher, though it may be that other things were stolen. A minute description of the goods was placed in the hands of the detectives, and although the job seems to have been the work of professionals, it is quite probable that they will be reached. taken, but whether the burglars did not

## UNDER TONS OF DEBRIS.

Employes of a Clothing House Baried Employes of a Clothing House Baried
Beneath Ruins.

Minneapolis, Dec. 26.—A portion of the
fourth floor of the Palace Clothing House
caved in shortly before noon. Gale M.
Walters, an employe, was taken out dead.
Oscar A. Holtner, a clerk in the hat department, is slightly injured.

The fourth floor of the building was occupled by a wall-paper firm. Their stock.
consisting of many tons, caved in the floor,
and the whole stock fell the distance of
two stories,

and the wise such as the palace two stories.

The first floor was occupied by the Palace Clothing Company, and their stock is badly damaged.

The total loss will reach several thousand dollars. The only insurance carried was that against loss by fire.

## BOSTON IS WITH BAYARD

## Free Trade League Indorses His Famous Speeches-

William Lloyd Garrison and Others Denounce the Attacks on Him and Pass Resolutions.

Boston, Dec. 20.—About 100 members attended the first banquet of the season of the New England Free Trade League at the United States Hotel this evening, and the after-dinner proceedings proved to be the most important of any taken by the league for some years, owing to the character of the speeches and resolutions adopted. President Henry W. Lamb presided and opened the oratory with a warm defense opened the oratory with a warm defense of Ambassador Bayard's address in Edin-

burgh.

His defense of Mr. Bayard was warmly applauded by his hearers. In closing Mr. Lamb eloquently denounced the "Present hysterical craze for war," and called upon all members and all patriotic men everywhere to set their faces as flint against it and demand that the sober second thought of the people have its way.

of the people have its way.

Wm. Lloyd Garrison then made a short address in defense of Ambassador Bayard's speeches at Edinburgh, and before the Actors' Benevolent Fund, and presented resolutions approving the Edinburgh speech and recommending its publication and dis

and recommending its publication and dis-semination by the league.

Mr. Garrison's remarks were greeted with enthusiastic applause, and the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Mr. Garrison compared the Monroe doc-trine with the old-fashioned blunderbus in the family garret, always in danger of being exploded by careless children who do not know it is loaded to detriment of innocent people.

## British Press Comments on the President's Message.

THEY SAY IT MEANS PEACE

His Course Alluded to as a Blunder Which Must Soften His Position on the Venezuelan Matter-Think the Effect on Finance Will Avert All Danger of War.

London, Dec. 20.—The Times, commenting on President Cleveland's message to Congress on the financial situation, will tomorrow say:

"The President's second message is almost as remarkable in its own way as his first. With an air of the utmost innocence he takes note of a panic that he himself originated in precisely the tone that would be appropriate to the discussion of a calamity due to causes beyond human control.

"It is doubtful from the terms of the message whether he now wishes it to be understood that his Venezuelan policy was designed simply to give an object lesson in finance, or whether he merely turns to account a catastrophe that he did not foresee."

REVULSION OF FEELING. The Daily News, basing its statement on its own reports from New York, will insist that there has been an entire re-vulsion of feeling there, owing to the panic valsion of feeling there, owing to the panic in Wall street.

It contends that President Cleveland has inflicted a heavier injury on his own country than upon Great Britain by striking a great blow at the public credit just as it was recovering from the effects of the collapse caused by the Sherman act.

Mr. Cleveland, it says, will find that no bond issues or withdrawai of notes so effectual as the assurance of peace. He must now be conscious of his mistake.

WILL SOFTEN HIS LOVE.

WILL SOFTEN HIS LOVE. He will be able to some extent to repair it by replying to Lord Salisbury in a tone more befitting the head of a great nation than that adopted in his unhappy message. He will find the British government and people entirely disposed to forget his hot words and to help him repair the damage they have done.

they have done. they have done.

The Chronice says that the second message is virtually a counterblast for it appeals to facts, not prejudices, and presentereal, not imaginary, perils.

BLAMED FOR THEIR HASTE.

Congressmen Flooded With Letters Regarding the Venezuelan Bill. Some of the New England Representatives in Congress are receiving protests from their constituents against the precipi-tancy with which the House passed the bill on Wednesday last to carry into effect the President's recommendation for the appointment of a commission to determine

appointment of a commission to determine the boundary lines between Venezuela and Great Britain.

The protests which certain of the Massachusetts members have received are not only numerous, but the protestants are prominent members of the commercial and professional classes. Similar letters have been received by the Connectiont Representatives, while Mr. Boutelle of Maine, who was the sole member of the House to oppose rushing the measure through Congress, finds his course commended in different parts of the country through the medium of his private correspondence.

### TRACKS WASHED AWAY. flood in the Desplaines Valley Caus-

ing Great Damage.

Lockport, Ill., Dec. 20.—The entire area of the Desplaines valley here is a rushing torrent of water, owing to the steady downpoor of rain for the last thirty-six banks of the Illinois and Michigan

The banks of the Illinois and Michigan canal, one mile above here, have broken and a half mile of the Santa Fe railway tracks have been swept away.

The trains on that road are being run over the Alton from Joliet to Chicago. Many of the Valley inhabitants have left their houses, while others remain with the water creeping over their floors.

Thousands of dollars worth of property has been saved by the protection leyees which were built here last spring, but still the flood will result in enormous damage to property.

## PARALYZED BY THEMESSAGE.

One of Richmond's Prominent Doc tors Stricken While Criticising It. tors Stricken While Criticising It.

(Special to The Times.)
Richmond, Va., Dec. 20.—Dr. W. P.
Palmer, one of the most prominent citizens
of Richmond and commander of Richmond
Howlizers during the late war, while condenning President Cieveland's Venezuelan
message last night was paralyzed and has
not been able to speak since.

His condition is critical and little hope is
entertained for his recovery.

GLADSTONE'S OPINION. Says Common Sense Only Is Required

in the Dispute. in the Disnute.

New York, Dec. 20.—The Recorder has received the following cablegram from Mr. Gladstone in answer to a request for his comment on the Veceguelan dispute:

"Hawarden, Dec. 20.—To Editor Recorder, New York:

"Sole possible reply: 'Dare not interfere.
Only common sense required.'

"GLADSTONE."

Czarewitch at Nice. Nice, Dec. 20.—The Czarewitch, who is suffering from consumption, has arrived here. He bore the journey from Russin better than was expected. He sailed from a Black Sea port on a Russian warship, the Sultan of Turkey giving his permission for the vessel to pass through the Dardanelles.

## CLEVELAND ON FINANCE.

## He Sends a Special Message to Congress Urging Some Remedial Legislation and Advising Against a Holiday Recess.

The President yesterday sent to Congress the following message:

To the Congress: "In my last annual message the evils of our present financial system were plainly pointed out and the causes and means of the depletion of sovernment gold were explained. It was there-in stated that after all the afforts that had been made by the executive b anch of the government to protect our gold reserve by the insuance of bonds amounting to more than \$162,000,000, such reserve then amounting to but little in re than \$79,000,000, that about \$16,000,000 had been withdrawn from such reserse during the month next previous to the date of that message, and that quite large w thdrswals for shipment in the immediate future were predicted.

"The contingency then feared has reached us and the withdrawals of gold since the communication referred to and others that appear inevitable, threaten such a depletion in our gold reserve as brings us face to face with the necessity of furtier action for its protection. This ndition is intensified by the prevalence in certain quarters of sudden and unusual appre-

sension and timidity in business circles. "We are in the midst of another season of perplexity caused by our dangerous and fatuous financial operations. These may be expected to recur with certainty as long as there is no amendment in our Gnancial system. If in this particular instance our predicament is at all influenced by a recent insistence upon the position we should occupy in our relation to certain questions concerning our foreign policy this inruishes a signal and impressive warning that even the patriotic sentiment of our people is not an adequate substitute for a sound financial

Of course, there can be no doubt in any thoughtful mind as to the complete solvency of our nation, nor can there be just apprehension that the American people will be satisfied with less than an honest payment of our public obligations in the recognized money of the world. We should not overlook the fact, however, that aroused fear is unreasoning, and must be taken into

account in all efforts to avera public loss and the sacrifice of our people's interests.

"The real and sensible cure for our recurring troubles can ouly be effected by a complete change in our financial scheme. Pending that the executive branch of the government will not relax its efforts nor abandon its determination to use every means within its reach to maintain before the world American credit, nor will there be any hesitation in exhibiting its confidence

in the resources of our country and the constant patriotism of our people. "in view, however, of the peculiar situation now confronting us I have ventured to herein express the earnest hope that the Congress in default of the inauguration of a better system of finance, will not take a recess from its labors before it has, by legislative enactment or 460 laration, done something, not only to remind those apprehensive among our people that the resources of this government and the scrupulous regard for honest dealing afford a sure guarantee of unquestioned safety and soun hose, but to reassure the world that with these factors and the patriotism of our citizens, the ability and determination of our nation to

neet in any circumstances every obligation it incurs do not admit of question.

"I ask at the hands of the Congress such prompt aid as it alone has the power to give to prevent in a time of foar and apprehension any sacrifice of the people's interests and the public funds or the impairment of our public credit in an effort by executive action t

relieve the dangers of the present emergency. GROVER CLEVELAND. Executive Mansion, December 20, 1893.

# SENATE STANDS BY HIM EFFECT OF THE MESSAGE

# Venezuelan Affair.

PASSES THE HOUSE BILL AS TO THE HOLIDAY RECESS

There Was Not a Dissenting Voice Messrs. Chandler and Tillman Fur mish the Fun of the Debate-All the Speeches Were on One Line-Result Greeted With Applause.

A Republican Scaate and House stand as a unit behind a Democratic President.

At 3:40 yesterday afternoon the Scaate, without a dissenting voice, passed the House bill appropriating \$100,000 for the expenses of a Venezuelan commission.

The scene at the passage of the bill was an interesting one. Every Senator was in the chamber. Around the wall were ranged Representatives who had followed with interest the debate, and standing just in front of the door to the east dook room was the portly figure of the Speaker of the House. portly figure of the Speaker of the House. Thomas B. Reed.

The gaileries were crowded. They had been filled early in the day, the spectators patiently following the proceedings. There was no attempt to put the vote on record. There was simply a thunder of "aye" when the bill was put on its plassage.

APPLAUSE IN THE GALLERIES. That was all on the floor of the Senate in the galleries there was applause. This was given even in the face of the fact that was given even in the face of the fact that one American was ejecte dfrom the gallery because he clapped hishands at a particularly strong point made by Senator Stewart. The applause was given even in face of the threat of the Vice-President that the galleries should be cleared if there was any expressions of approval. The people couldn't help it and the prople didn't care. The Senate appreciated the position and releved any embarrassment by going into executive session.

any embarrassment by going into executive session.

The debate on the House bill lasted over two hours. There was at no time any evidence of weakening. It was only the manner in which the Fresident was to be best served. Every speech deprecated war, but every word meant war if necessary.

The scene was lacking in any great oratorical flights, or in any incident which night make the day remembered. Men's passions were not aroused. It was not one side of the chamber arrayed against the other. It was simply a united Senate trying to reach a patriotic conclusion.

The most picturesque part of the proceedings was the colloquy between Senators Chandier and Tilinan. Mr. Chandler spoke at some length on the wisdom of passing the bill just as it came from the House. He injected some humor into the situation by reading a London dispatch concerning a meeting of English capitalists called for the purpose of taking united action in calling of their American credit.

CHANDLER'S SARCASM.

CHANDLER'S SARCASM.

He also repeated from the dispatch the sentence. "There were no defenders of the President present." Baid he, in tones of mocking sarcasm, "Has it come to this? I ask the other side of the chamber to consider the fact that their President, who has done more for English interests than any President who ever sat in the White House, has now fallen so low that 'there are none to do him reverence.' (Langhter.)

"On the contrary," quoting still further from the dispatch, "he was denounced unsparingly, and his conduct was described by several as insane."

"If the Senate passes this bill," Mr. Tillman, Dem., Bouth Carolina, asked, and if the resulf shall be that the gold reserve shall disappear, and that the country gets on the silver basis, as is threatened, would you still vote for the bill!"

"That is the tendency of our Populistic CHANDLER'S SARCASM.

"That is the tendency of our Populistic friends," Mr. Chandler replied. "You mix up questions." (Laughter.) "I beg your pardon," Mr. Tiliman said. "I want it understood that I am not a Populist If I am not a Democrat, there is no Democrat here." (Laughter.) "Will the Sensior from South Carolina tell me," asked Mr. Chandler, with much courtesy, "what kind of a Democrat he is?" "I got my Democracy from Jefferson, Calhoun and Lincoln," said Mr. Tiliman. "And I got mine from Lincoln too," said Mr. Chandler, amid lapphter on both sides of the Chamber. "And I got mine from Lincoin too," said Mr. Chander, amid lapphter on both sides of the chamber.

Mr. Tilman, however, challenged an answer to his question.

"It will vote," Mr. Chandier exclaimed.
"for any sacrifice, even for the resolution of the Senator from Nebraska (Mr. Allen)—which is a concrete absurdity—if necessary to protect the mational honor. (Applicable).

"Well, sir, we join hands," was Mr. Tillman's rejoinder.

opening THE DISCUSSION. Mr. Morgan reported the bill from the Committee on Poreign Affairs. Before his the time of the Senate had been taken in discussing the resolution of Mr. Allen of Nebrasha. When Mr. Morgan took the door there was silence, Senators and galloor there was slience. Senators and gal-eries settled down. He reported the amendment the com-mittee had agreed on although he favored

Continued on Fourth Page.

## Upholds the President in the It Is Generally Ascribed to Wall Street Influence.

General Belief Is That It Will Be Had as Arranged-How the Document Was Drafted at the Cabinet Meeting-Possibility of a Bond Issue Very Soon.

The message which the President sent to the Senate yesterday affermeon was the outcome of a protonged session of the Cabinet.

Those present, besides the President, were Secretary Oiney, Secretary Carlisie, Attorney General Harmon, Posmaster General Wilson, and Secretary Morton. The absentees were Secretary Lamont, who is in New York: Secretary Herbert, who was in a railroad prin between New York and Washington, and Secretary Smith, who was detained at home by the dangerous fliness of his little daughter.

Reports of the serious condition of affairs in Wall street had been coming in for an hour, and after the Cabinet assembled these were sent as fast as received to the Trensury officials, who dispatched the information to Secretary Carlisic at the White House.

Before the session had lasted two hours a decision had been reached to send to Congress the message transmitted later.

DRAFTING THE MESSAGE.

At 130 o'clock it was decided by the assembled officials to the session by the assembled of the session to the session of the service of the congress to the message transmitted later.

DRAFTING THE MESSAGE.

At 1.30 o'clock it was decided by the assembled officials to take a recess in order to give the President an opportunity to draft the message.

No linkling of what had been going on inside the Cabinet room had reached the outside world, and the fact that the recess came at the usual hour for adjournment naturally allayed any curiosity that might have attsen had the session continued longer.

naturally allayed any curiosity that might have arisen had the session continued longer.

Mr. Cleveland began preparing the document, and probably had all his ideas in presentable shape when his official associates returned, an hour later. By that time it had become known that the gold withdrawals amounted to \$3.400.000. brimming down the gold reserve to \$69.288.080: very nearly to the figure which was reached at the time of the figure which was reached at the time of the first bond issue in February, 1894.

The reserve at that time dropped to \$65.650.000. At the time of the second issue, in August, 1894, it stood at \$52.500.000, and when the third issue came, in February, 1895, it was \$41.393.000.

It was 4.40 o'clock when the Cabinet meeting adjourned. Twenty minutes before that time, Executive Clerk Pruden had started from the White House for the Capitol with a copy of the message to be delivered to the Senale.

THE HOLIDAY RECESS.

In the meantime the Senate had passed a resolution fixing the holiday recess as extending from today to January 6. This will come up for action in the House today, and the general opinion is that it will be concurred in, after which the committees will be announced and adjournment follow.

In discussing the situation last night many Senators and members united in the opinion that the President's message would in nowise interfere with the holiday recess, for two reasons:

First, because po immediate action is

would in nowise interfere with the holiday recess, for two reasons:

First, because no immediate action is possible: second, because after Monday it will be impossible to muster a quorum in either branch of Congress.

Members especially, and Senators in a lesser degree, are leaving the city on every outgoing train, and will not be detained to consider a proposition which they can foresee will not be productive of results. The belief was last night freely expressed that the special message on the financial question was sent to Congress at this time to comply with the urgent solicitations of Walls irrect brokers, and not with the expectation that it would be followed by legislation satisfactory to the President.

dent.

A prominent Republican Senator, who advocates the remonetization of silver as the solution of the monetary problem, ridiculed the idea of any hurried action in the Senate. He said the revision of the financial system could pass that body without recognizing the increased use of silver as money.

He pronounced the message as being weaker than dishwater, and characterized as preposterous the idea that the usual holiday recess should be abandoned for the purpose of attempting impossibilities.

The leaders of the House, so far as seen, realize the impracticability of holding a quorum, at the same time declaring that financial lexislation will be undertaken only after mature consideration and the outlining of a definite party policy.

In the meantime, the President has discharged his obligations to Congress by his special message, calling attention to the depleted condition of the gold reserve, and with the adjournment of Congress will make immediate preparations for the issuance of bonds.

Much speculation prevails as to whether NO QUORUM HERE.

suance of bonds.

Much speculation prevails as to whether these bonds will be placed by the formation of another syndicate or the advertising for bids. The prepondrance of opinion favors the latter method as many difficulties are in the way of forming another such combination as the Morgan-Belmont-Rothschild syndicate.

## Efforts to Adjust the Trouble Come to Naught.

Rumors That a Settlement Had Bee Reached Denied by the Manager.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 20.-The strike situation is a worse muddle than ever from

all appearances.
At 1 o'clock this morning it was an

At 1 o'clock this morning it was announced that a proposition, submitted to the mayor by the Rev. Dr. Baker and George Griffith, representing the Christian League, had been laid before Mr. Weish and acceded to by him on behalf of the Union Traction Company. The proposition is as follows:

"If the men come back and return to their work and peace is restored the Union Traction management will cordially and considerately receive any committee from the ranks of its own employees and will respectfully and kindly hear their complaints and grievances that they may offer and will remedy the same within the range of fairness."

Dr. Baker and Mr. Griffith were assured that this proposition had been accepted by Mr. Weish. They immediately hurried to the headquarters of the strikers and laid it before the executive committee of the strike board and the committee immediately accepted it.

The committee thereupon started out in cabs to notify the men to report for duty tomorrow morning.

General Manager Beetem of the Union

cabs to notify the men to report for duty tomorrow morning.

General Manager Beetem of the Union Traction Company, answered a telephone call at 1.30 and denied absolutely that the Union Traction Company had made any such proposition or would come to any such understanding with its former employes. He said that if the committee declared the strike off it was because they were beaten at every turn.

The outcome of this singular complication must be awaited this morning.

Message Debated in the Senate and Resolution Passed to Send a Congratulatory Message to the United States Congress-They Say It Means the Safety of the West

(Special to The Times.).
(Copyright by James Gordon Bennett.)
Buenos Ayres. Argentini, via Galvesson, Tex., Bec. 20.—The Brazilian senatoday, after a debate marked by distinct
rithusiasm, dispatched a cable message
of congratulation to the Senate & the
Enited States for the message of Presicent Cleveland upon the Venezuelan queslun.

ON THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

ON THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

The Herald's correspondent in Rio Janeiro telegraphs that the specches made in the chamber were remarkable in their support of the Monroe doctrine.

The congratulatory cable characterizes President Cleveland's position as supremily dignified, and as a new safeguard of the honor and sovereignty of all American matters. PRAISE FOR CLEVELAND. PRAISE FOR CLEVELAND.

Senator Bocayura, in the course of the
debate, said that the words of the President,
of the United States were worthy questioned the United States were worthy questioned the representative of sogreat a republic.

They in effect announced a policy which
at one stroke in the last days of the nineteenth
century would emancipate America in its
furthest confines and annihilate the vestiges
of European control on the western shores
of the two great oceans.

Several other senators expressed them-

AS RUSSIA VIEWS IT.

Novoe Vremya Predicts That England Would Meet Retribution.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 20.—the Novoe Vremya says. "If it should come to a war between the United States and Great Britain the latter would have to encounter internal as well as foreign foes, for the Irish would scarcely look passively on such a conflict.

"In that event England's affairs in Turkey and the far East would not wear so favorable an aspect as she might desire, and there would come an hour of blitter retribution for a past on which Englishmen pride themselves, forgetting that successes gained by guile and force are never enduring."

## ORDERS A MASSACRE.

Porte Directs the Bombardment and Extermination

of Armenia.

Berlin, Dec. 20.—Dispatches from Con-stantinople say that the Porte has ordered Mustapha Renzi Pasha to attack with 10,000 troops and two batteries, the city of Zeitoun, and to bombard and destroy it and massacre the 12,000 Armenians which

it contains. Trying New Torpedoes Newport, R. I., Dec. 20.—Today Lient Grand, H. R. M. S., visited the Howell torpedo testing station at Tiverton and witnessed two shots with one 17.72 inch torpedo and one with a fourteen inch. The shots were perfect and the British rep-resentative appeared well pleased with the American production.

The President's Third Message. The President's Third Message.

The mere possibility of war has made a decided slump on the New York Stock Exchange. It is absolutely necessary that some action be taken at once to avert financial distress. The Misfit Clothing Parlors are well prepared for hard times with an assortment of custom-made suits and overcoats, such as was never seen before. Here are a few of their prices. A forty dollar custom-made suit or overcoat for eighten dollars—a twenty-five dollar one for ten dollars—a twenty-five dollar one for eight dollars—four and five dollar pasts for two dollars and a half. Don't you think it worth while to find out whether we can fit you?

THINK IT HLL ADVISED.

Comments at the Capitol on the President's Action.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The special message of the president, which reached the Capitol after the adjournment of the House, was received with wide-spread astonishment on all sides.

Although its narport became quickly known and circulated rapidly through the hotels, where many public men reside, so surprised were they that at midnight few could be found who cared to express an opinion for publication either upon its merits or as to the course which Congress would probably pursue.

Privately, Republican members of the House severely criticised the President. dent's Action.

Crocker's. Dainty party slippers in the most tempting variety at Crocker's, 939 Pennsylvania

Dyrenforth's in clothing are unequalled in

## TRACTION STRIKE STILL ON TWENTY-FOUR ENTOMBE

## Terrible Disaster in a Tennessee Coal Mine

EXPLOSION OF FIRE DAMP

the Mouth of the Shaft and Between Them and It Lies the Collapsed Roof-Women and Children Weep ing for Husbands and Fathers.

Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 20.—Twenty-four miners lost their lives today in the Nelson mine, entry 10, near Davion. Tenn. by an explosion of fire damp.

The explosion of fire damp.

The explosion was succeeded by a terrific crash, which indicates that the roof of the passage through which they had entered had fallen in. No avenue of excape was left, and there is no possibility that any of them will be found alive.

The mine is the property of the Davton Coal and Iron Company, three miles from the town of Dayton, and is reached by a spur track. The men, who are both white and colored, including several boys, entered the mine to go to work at 7 o'clock this morning, but nothing of the awful catastrophe was known antil 11 o'clock, when the drivers into the entry 16 found their way blocked by a solid wall of coal and slate.

CAN'T BE REACHED IN DAYS.

call at 1:30 and denied absolutely that the Union Traction Company had made any such understanding with its former employes. He said that if the committee declared the strike off it was because they were beaten at every turn.

The outcome of this singular complication must be awaited this morning.

BEJOICING IN BRAZII

Senate Congratulates America on its Firm Stand.

MASS MEETINGS BEING HELD

MASS MEETINGS BEING HELD

MEETINGS BEING HELD

And The REACHED IN DAYS.

The Nelson mine has been worked by twelve years or more, and the curty where the unfortunate mines are entombed ran the unfortunate mines are entombed ran the unfortunate mine. The mine is of the kind common in Southern coal fields, known as a drift or level velocid mine, and worked in the direction of the vein, straight into the foot of the mountain, but before entry is reached a long slope extends to a level several hundred yards below at an angle of about eventy degrees.

The cars are paice up from the foot of the slope, where tram cars drawn by mules connect with it, to the outside by a cable which hauls the coal up with reconstruction of the will done the will develop the several days forcing an obsening through the wait of fallen roofing which must be markable rapidity.

Rescuing parties have been worked to a level several hundred yards below at an angle of about eventy degrees.

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The cars are paice up from the foot of the slope where tram cars frawn by mules connect with it, to the outside by a cable which hauls the coal up with re-CAN'T BE REACHED IN DAYS.

WEEPING FOR THE LOST ONES. At the drift mouth bundreds of women and children soon rathered, and the drift mouth bundreds of women and children soon rathered, and the turn of their grief and despair is head redling. Mothers winging their hands, weeplong daughters and little children, sweetheards and gray headed grand-parents are there, all in the greatest distress, for they have been told that there is no hope, and the spectacle of their woe is heart sickening.

The mine is ventilated by air sharts of passages, so the caving of the wall in the entry has cut off the draft, and made death certain to those who breathed the poisoned air.

certain to those who breathed the poisoned air.

The names of the imprisoned men are:
Morris and son, Randolph, Wright Tyson, Lucian Hollings and son Edward, Frank McKor, ivenson Snells, Josepa White Louis White and Arthur White, colored, three brothers; Joseph Thompson, colored, three brothers; Joseph Thompson, colored, William Jenkins, colored; Charles Poe, Jerry Lambert and Caston Lambert, colored brothers; John Shomburg, Fisher Regyes, colored; Clay Harris, colored; and Pole, name anknown. Most leave dependent families. Following were the unmarried. Walter Hoton, colored; Lewis Spurkle, colored; John McIver, Jim Reeves, colored; John McIver, Jim Reeves, colored; John Morwood and four Poles, who arrived last week.

DIGGING FOR THE DEAD. Beartrending Scenes Around the

of the United States were worthy of the chief representative of sogreat a republic.

They in effect announced a policy which atone stroke in the last days of the mine teem to century would emancinate America in its farthest confines and annihilate the vestigns of European control on the western shores of the two great occaus.

Several other senators expressed themselves in quite as strong terms.

A mass meeting was held in the San Francisco plaza today, at which resolutions were adopted upholding the Monroed contribe.

AS RUSSIA VIEWS IT.

Novoe Vremya Predicts That England Would Meet Retribution.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 20.—the Novoe Vremya says: "If it should come to a war between the United States and Great feet of the respective of superintendent Cant, and the pleading of miners failed to cellst their sympaths sufficiently to induce them to enter the shart and to assist in the search as big as a pea.

"You haven't as heart as big as a pea."

to induce them to enter the shall and to assist in the search.

"You haven't a heart as big as a pea. Won't you help raise your own dead? -it's cowardice," said F. Nuttal, one of the miners, and the first to enter the mines to begin the work of rescue.

The average number at work searching yesterday and last night and today was about twelve. Bodies were found in all parts of the mine, mainly in the 350 foot level, where the principal loss of life occurred. The condition of many of the bodies is shocking.

The hands of many are nearly burned off. The work of identifying the dead was slow. Hundreds of persons inspected the thirtsfive bodies had out in the engine house up to 10 o'clock this marning. As rapidly as they were identified the bodies were shrouded. Those recovered up to hoon were married men. Their names are George Andrews, William Baldwin, John Obie, John Gunter, George Munroe and son, Thomas: Harry Morris.

FATAL FIRE IN A CAR. Countess Golovine and Her Two Chil-

dren Burned to Death. St. Petersburg, Dec. 20.—Disporting Siberia relate particulars of a significant property of the property of th from Siberia relate particulars of a singular catastrophe which resulted in the horrible death of three persons.

While a passenger train on the Siberia Railway was running at a high rate of speed the carriage in which Count Golovina was traveling with his wife and two children caught fire.

The flames spread so rapidly that the countess and her two children were unable to escape and they were burned to death. The count saved his life by leaping from the train.

MURDERED BY INDIANS. Orders Issued to Capture All Red Men Found Off Reservations. Found Off Reservations.

Biver City, N. M., Dec. 20.—The body of Charles Snow, a cowboy, employed on Higgins' ranch, was found last night near Mule Creek, in the Mongellon Mountains. Indian signs found in the snow indicate the murderers are undoubtedly the same band of renegade Indians from the Sam Carlos reservation that has been committing depredations in Arizona.

Gen. Wheaton, department commander with headquarters at Denver, has given orders to commanders of all border posts to pursue, capture and destroy all Indians found off the reservations.

Storms in Kansas Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 20.—A snow storm which began last night continued without interruption until this afternoon, more than six inches of snow failing. Street car traffic was almost at a stand-still. All trains from the East were from one to four hours late. Throughout Kan-sas the weather has been variable, most constant rains having prevailed in many places. places.

Well Known Divine Dead.
St. Johnsbury, Vt., Dec. 20.—Rev. Josiah
Tyler died suddenly of heart disease at
Ashevilie, N. C., this morning. He was
born in Hanover, N. H., July 9, 1823,
when his father was president of Dartmouth College; graduated from Amberat
College in 1845 and the theological seminary
at East Windsor Hill, Conn., in 1848.

Killed Her Assailant Newport, Ky., Dec. 20.—Frank Dougherty, a school teacher, who held a professorshin in Gethsemane College last year, was shot and instantly killed this morning by Mrs. J. W. Nally. He attempted to criminally resemble the woman.